IBM Domino Go CSR Creation and Installation

How to generate a CSR in Domino Go Web Server

** Note: MKKF places in the same directory that it is run from unless you choose to specify a different location.

- 1. Initialize the MKKF utility by entering mkkf at a command prompt. A menu will be displayed.
- 2. Choose N (make a new key ring.)
- 3. Enter the new key ring filename.
- 4. Another menu will display. Choose W (work with keys and certificates)
- 5. Choose C (create a new key and certificate request)
- 6. Enter a new password. Make sure to remember the password for later.
- 7. Choose P (PKCS#10 certificate format)
- 8. Select M (Modify the certificate request information)
- 9. Enter your organizational information in the proper fields. It must all be accurate.
- 10. Choose R. This will generate your key and Certificate Signing Request (CSR).
- 11. Exit MKKF by selecting X.
- 12. Make sure to save the changes to your new Key Ring
- 13. Save a copy of your new Key Ring file to a safe backup location.
- 14. Please send the CSR file to us for our process.

For each of the three SSL Certificates, follow the steps below:

- Preparing your Primary Server Certificate: Open your primary Certificate (your_domain_name.crt) in a text editor and save a copy of this file in .txt format. Name this file "your_domain_name.txt".
- Preparing the Root and Intermediate CA Root Certificates: Open the Intermediate Root SSL Certificate (IntermediateCA.crt) into a text editor and save by the same name but as a .txt file. Do the same thing for the Root Certificate (TrustedRoot.crt).

Make sure sure your text files include the full certificate as in the example below:

-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----text ... -----END CERTIFICATE-----

Note: If you start the **mkkf utility** from the directory that contains your SSL Certificates the path will not need to included.

- 1. Click **R** to Receive an SSL Certificate into a Key Ring file.
- 2. You will be prompted for the file name. Enter TrustedRoot.txt.
- 3. Enter TrustedRoot for the label.

- 4. Click **Enter** to continue.
- 5. Click ${\bf W}$ to work with Keys & Certificates.
- 6. Click **L** to Select the Key to work with.
- 7. Find the **TrustedRoot** and select **S** to chose that menu.
- 8. Click ${\bf T}$ to mark this as a 'Trusted' root.
- 9. Click **Y** (Yes) to confirm the request.
- 10. Click $\ensuremath{\textit{Enter}}$ to return to the pervious menu.
- 11. Click ${\bf X}$ to Exit the menu.

Note: Repeated below for the Intermediate Root Certificate. Must be done in the correct order as described in these instructions!

- 12. Repeat from **Select R** using the DigiCert Intermediate SSL Certificate.
- 13. Change the **TrustedRoot.txt** with **IntermediateCA.txt**.
- 14. Change the **TrustedRoot** label with**Root**.
- 3. Installing your Primary Server Certificate:
 - 0. From the main menu of the **mkkf** utility.
 - 1. Click ${\bf R}$ to Receive an SSL Certificate into a Key Ring file.
 - 2. Type the Primary Server Certificate file name: your_domain_name.txt.
 - 3. Click **W** to Work with Keys & SSL Certificates.
 - 4. Click **L** to Select the Key to work with.
 - 5. Click \mathbf{N} until you find the required file.
 - 6. Click **S** to Select this SSL Certificate.
 - 7. Click **F** to mark this Key as the **Default Key**.
 - 8. Click **X** to Exit this menu.
 - Click C to Create a stash file for the Key Ring Note: Important Steps (Do Not Overlook)
 - 10. Click \mathbf{X} to Exit the menu.
 - 11. Click **Y** (Yes) to save all changes to the Key and to Confirm/Update.
- 4. Enabling SSL on your Domino Go Web Server
 - 0. Access your Web Server (using your browser).
 - 1. Click Configuration & Administration Forms.
 - 2. Locate Security Option.
 - 3. Click Security Configuration.
 - 4. Make certain that Allow SSL connections Using Port 443 is selected.
 - 5. Confirm that the correct **Key-Ring** file is listed.
 - 6. Apply changes.
- 5. Restart your Lotus Domino Web Server